AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claim 32 and amend claims 30, 44 and 45 as follows. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

- 1. Claims 1-24 (Canceled)
- 25. (Withdrawn) A compound having a formula:

wherein:

R is an alkyl group having 6-20 carbon atoms or an alkyl group having 6-20 carbon atoms interrupted by at least one aromatic ring;

Z is a radical selected from the group consisting of -CH₂-, -O-, -NH-, two of these radicals coupled together, and -CH=CH-;

Y is selected from -NH₂, O-CH₂-C₆H₅, and -CO-CO-O-CH₃; and n is 1 or 2.

- 26. (Withdrawn) The compound according to claim 25, wherein said alkyl group is a branched alkyl group.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The compound according to claim 25, wherein R is an alkyl group having 8, 10, or 12 carbon atoms.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The compound according to claim 25, wherein Z is not -CH₂- when R is an alkyl group having 12 carbon atoms, Y is -NH₂, and n is 2.
- 29. (Withdrawn) The compound according to claim 25, wherein Y is not -NH₂ when R is an alkyl group having 12 carbon atoms, Z is not -CH₂-, and n is 2.

30. (Currently Amended) A method of treating an animal with a microbially-based mycobacterial infection, comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of formula I to the animal:

I

wherein:

R is selected from the group consisting of alkyl groups having 6-20 carbon atoms, unsaturated hydrocarbon groups having 6-20 carbon atoms, or alkyl groups having 6-20 carbon atoms interrupted by at least one aromatic ring;

Z is a radical selected from the group consisting of -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -NH-NH-,
-O-, -NH-, -O-NH-, -CH₂-NH-, -CH₂-O-, NH-O-, NH-CH₂-, -O-CH₂-, and -CH=CH-;

Y is selected from the group consisting of -NH₂, -O-CH₂-C₆H₅, -CO-CO-O-CH₃,
and -O-CH₃; and

- 31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein R is alkyl groups having 6-20 carbon atoms interrupted by an aromatic ring to give ortho-, meta-, or para-disubstitution.
- 32. (Cancelled)

n is 1 or 2.

- 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein R is a branched alkyl group.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein R is an n-alkyl group.
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein n is 1.
- 36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein n is 2.

- 37. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein Z is -CH₂-.
- 38. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein Y is -NH₂.
- 39. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein: R is -(CH₂)₉-CH₃, n is 1, Z is -CH₂, and Y is -NH₂.
- 40. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein: R is -(CH₂)₇-CH₃, n is 1, Z is -CH₂, and Y is -NH₂.
- 41. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein R is selected from the group consisting of alkyl groups having 6-10 carbon atoms, unsaturated hydrocarbon groups having 6-10 carbon atoms, or alkyl groups having 6-10 carbon atoms interrupted by at least one aromatic ring.
- 42. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein: R is -(CH₂)₉-CH₃, n is 2, Z is -CH₂-, and Y is -NH₂.
- 43. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein: R is -(CH₂)₇-CH₃, n is 2, Z is -CH₂, and Y is -NH₂.
- 44. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 30, wherein the microbially-based

 mycobacterial infection is caused by mycobacteria selected from the group consisting of

 Mycobacteria tuberculosis, drug resistant M. tuberculosis, M. bovis, M. avium

 intracellulare, M. leprae, and M. paratuberculosis.
- 45. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 30, wherein the microbially-based

 mycobacterial infection is caused by pathogenic Mycobacterium sp.

- 46. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein the animal is selected from the group consisting of ruminants and horses.
- 47. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 46, wherein the ruminant is selected from the group consisting of sheep and cattle.
- 48. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 30, wherein the animal is human.